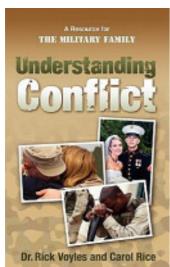
Understanding Conflict: What are We Fighting for - A Resource for the Military Family. 2010. Rick Voyles, Carol Rice



They also need help in understanding that it is acceptable to feel conflicted. Participants using impotence/ inequality understand conflict as spatially grounded. 14 Laura L. Ellingson, Patrice M. Buzzanell, Listening to Women's Narratives of Breast Cancer Treatment: A Feminist Approach to Patient Satisfaction With Physician-Patient Communication, Health Communication, 1999, 11, 2, 153, 12 Abigail M. Yablonsky, Edie Devers Barbero, Jeanita W. Richardson, Hard is Normal: Military Families' Transitions Within the Process of Deployment, Research in Nursing & Health, 2016, 39, 1, 42Wiley Online Library 5 Aubrey J. Rodriguez, Gayla Margolin, Stepping Up, Sticking Together: Military Adolescents Support of Their Civilian Parents and Concurrent Depression Symptoms, Journal of Clinical Child & Adolescent Psychology, 2017, 1 This investigation examined 620 metaphorical conflict expressions generated by 169 participants who either were employed full-time or had previous work experience. First-

order metaphorical (schema) analyses indicated that participants predominately used "conflict is impotence" schemas. No sex differences emerged in either schemas or in second-order (linguistic) analyses of metaphorical expressions. However, participants reported different schemas, depending on the conflict context, but particularly for the supervisor and departmental member contexts. The supervisor context also exhibited a pattern of linguistic choices, suggesting that male and female respondents objectified their supervisors. Finally, respondents reported greater frequency and intensity of conflicts in family contexts than in any of the work contexts. 7 Amanda Veldorale-Griffin , Carol Anderson Darling , Adaptation to Parental Gender Transition: Stress and Resilience Among Transgender Parents, Archives of Sexual Behavior , 2016 , 45 , 3, 607 6 Jennifer Mize Smith , Colleen Arendt , Jennifer Bezek Lahman , Gina N. Settle , Ashley Duff , Framing the Work of Art: Spirituality and Career

Discourse in the Nonprofit Arts Sector, Communication Studies, 2006, 57, 1, 25 Abstract: Parental deployment has substantial effects on the family system, among them ambiguity and uncertainty. Youth

in military families are especially affected by parental deployment because their coping repertoire is only just developing; the requirements of customer to normal adolescent developmental demands. Focus groups were used to inquire about uncertainty, loss, resilience, and adjustment among book that had a parent deployed, most often to a war zone. The nature of uncertainty and ambiguous loss was explored. Response themes included overall perceptions of uncertainty and loss, boundary ambiguity, changes in mental health, and relationship conflict. These accounts suggest that ambiguous loss is a useful concept for understanding the experiences of these youth and for structuring prevention and intervention efforts. 6 Belinda F. Hernandez, Melissa F. Peskin, Christine M. Markham, Jean Burr, Timothy Roberts, Susan Tortolero Emery, The Context of Sexual Decisions and Intrapersonal and Interpersonal Factors Related to Sexual Initiation Among Female Military-Dependent Youth, The Journal of Sex Research, 2017, 18 Jenifer K. McGuire, Jory M. Catalpa, Vanessa Lacey, Katherine A. Kuvalanka, Ambiguous Loss as a Framework for Interpreting Gender Transitions in Families, Journal of Family Theory & Review, 2016, 8, 3, 373Wiley Online Library Your browser is not review to accept cookies from eLibrary. This means that the site will not run as smoothly/quickly as possible and could result in certain functionality not working as designed. Understanding war: History and theory of combat. This research was supported by a grant from the Military Family Research Institute at Purdue University. We also appreciate the support of the Department of Defense Quality of Life Office and the National Military Family Association. Dupuy, TN, Understanding War, New York: Paragon House, 1987. Hirshleifer, J., "The Analytics of Continuing Conflict," Synthese, August 1988, 76, 201-33. In Figure 2b, taking contender No. 2 as protagonist, we ask what happens when op-ponent No. 2 Osnat Zamir, Abigail H. Gewirtz, Madelyn Labella, David S. DeGarmo, James Snyder, Experiential Avoidance, Dyadic Interaction and Relationship Quality in the Lives of Veterans and Their Partners, Journal of Family Issues,

2017, 0192513X1769818 11 William-Glenn L. Hollingsworth, Megan L. Dolbin-MacNab, Lydia I. Marek, Boundary Ambiguity and Ambivalence in Military Family Reintegration, Family Relations, 2016, 65, 4, 603Wiley Online Library 15 Patrice M. Buzzanell, Laura Ellingson, Christina Silvio, Vicki Pasch, Brenna Dale, Greg Mauro, Erin Smith, Neil Weir, Couna Martin, Leadership processes in alternative organizations: Invitational and dramaturgical leadership, Communication Studies, 1997, 48, 4, 285 3 Dawn O. Braithwaite, Paige W. Toller, Karen L. Daas, Wesley T. Durham, Adam C. Jones, Centered but not Caught in the Middle: Stepchildren's Perceptions of Dialectical Contradictions in the Communication of Co-Parents, Journal of Applied Communication Research, 2008, 36, 1, 33 Even comprehending the purely military elements of a little war requires special understanding.